# **VILLAGE OF PEOTONE, ILLINOIS**

**Annual Financial Statements** 

As of and for the Year Ended March 31, 2021

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# **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Board of Trustees Village of Peotone 208 East Main Peotone, Illinois 60468

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Peotone, Illinois, as of and for the year ended March 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

## Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our unmodified and qualified audit opinions.

#### **Summary of Opinions**

Opinion Unit Type of Opinion

Governmental Activities Qualified
Business-Type Activities Unmodified

General Fund Unmodified
Capital Improvement Fund Unmodified
Motor Fuel Tax Fund Unmodified
Water and Sewer Fund Unmodified

Aggregate Remaining Fund Information Unmodified

#### **Basis for Qualified Opinion on Governmental Activities**

Management has not adopted GASB 75 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension Funds and, accordingly, has not recorded the related deferred outflows, deferred inflows, net OPEB liability and the OPEB expense. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that these amounts be reported in the Governmental Activities Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities. The amount by which this departure would affect the deferred outflows, deferred inflows, liabilities, net position, and expenses of the Governmental Activities has not been determined.

#### **Qualified Opinion**

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion on Governmental Activities" paragraph, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Governmental Activities of the Village of Peotone, Illinois, as of March 31, 2021, and the changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# **Unmodified Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Peotone, Illinois, as of March 31, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents on pages 41-47 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.

We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The Village has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village of Peotone, Illinois' basic financial statements. The other supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 22, 2021, on our consideration of the Village of Peotone, Illinois's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

SKDO, P.C.

Bourbonnais, Illinois September 22, 2021



Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control
Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance
And Other Matters Based on an Audit of
Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With
Government Auditing Standards

To the Board of Trustees Village of Peotone 208 East Main Peotone, Illinois 60468

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Peotone, Illinois, as of and for the year ended March 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 22, 2021. Our opinion on the governmental activities opinion unit was qualified due to the fact that management has not adopted GASB 75 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension Funds and, accordingly, has not recorded the related deferred outflows, deferred inflows, net OPEB liability and the OPEB expense. Our opinion on the other opinion units was unmodified.

## **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Village's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

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Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2021-001 that we considered to be a significant deficiency.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

## Village of Peotone, Illinois's Response to Findings

The Village of Peotone, Illinois's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The Village's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

# **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

SKDO, P.C.

Bourbonnais, Illinois September 22, 2021

Assets         Cay 1,000         Cay 1,146,353         Cay 1,146,353				
Cash and cash equivalents         \$ 247,635         \$ 17,697         \$ 265,332           Investments         13,335,949         -         13,335,949           Receivables, (net, where applicable, of allowance for uncollectibles):         -         -         13,335,949           Taxes, including interest, penalties and liens         1,146,353         -         1,146,353           Accounts         72,366         -         72,366           Prepaid expenses         94,678         -         94,678           Health insurance escrow fund         136,308         -         136,308           Capital assets:         -         -         19,100           Capital assets.         -         4,868,333         -         4,868,333           Net pension asset         1,034,433         -         1,034,433           Total assets         20,955,155         17,697         20,972,852           Deferred Outflows of Resources           Deferred outflows related to pensions         908,592         -         908,592           Liabilities           Accounts payable and accrued expenses         298,908         -         298,908           Accounts payable and accrued expenses         298,908         -         29,908			• •	Total
Investments	Assets			
Receivables, (net, where applicable, of allowance for uncollectibles):   Taxes, including interest, penalties and liens	Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 17,697	•
of allowance for uncollectibles):         Taxes, including interest, penalties and liens         1,146,353         -         1,146,353           Accounts         72,366         -         72,366           Prepaid expenses         94,678         -         94,678           Health insurance escrow fund         136,308         -         136,308           Capital assets:         -         -         19,100           Capital assets:         -         4,868,333         -         4,868,333           Net pension asset         1,034,433         -         1,034,433           Total assets         20,955,155         17,697         20,972,852           Deferred Outflows of Resources           Deferred Outflows related to pensions         908,592         -         908,592           Accounts payable and accrued expenses         298,908         -         298,908           Customer/escrow deposits         183,730         4,775         188,505           Unearned revenue         52,777         -         52,777           Long-term liabilities:         -         35,365         -         35,365           Due within one year:         -         -         139,565         -         139,565		13,335,949	-	13,335,949
Taxes, including interest, penalties and liens         1,146,353         -         1,146,353           Accounts         72,366         -         72,366           Prepaid expenses         94,678         -         94,678           Health insurance escrow fund         136,308         -         136,308           Capital assets:         .         .         .           Non-depreciable capital assets.         .         .         .           Land         19,100         -         19,100           Depreciable capital assets, net         4,868,333         -         4,868,333           Net pension asset         1,034,433         -         1,034,433           Total assets         20,955,155         17,697         20,972,852           Deferred Outflows of Resources           Deferred Outflows related to pensions         908,592         -         908,592           Accounts payable and accrued expenses         298,908         -         298,908           Cusesmer/escrow deposits         183,730         4,775         188,505           Unearned revenue         52,777         -         52,777           Long-term liabilities:         19,565         -         35,365           Due w				
Accounts 72,366 - 72,366 Prepaid expenses 94,678 - 94,678 Health insurance escrow fund 136,308 - 136,308 Capital assets:  Non-depreciable capital assets: Land 19,100 - 19,100 Depreciable capital assets 1,034,433 - 1,034,433 Total assets 20,955,155 17,697 20,972,852 Deferred Outflows of Resources  Deferred Outflows of Resources  Deferred outflows related to pensions 908,592 - 908,592  Liabilities  Accounts payable and accrued expenses 298,908 - 298,908 Customer/escrow deposits 183,730 4,775 188,505 Uncarned revenue 52,777 - 52,777 Long-term liabilities:  Due within one year:  Capital lease payable 35,365 - 35,365 Due in more than one year:  Accrued compensation 139,565 - 139,565 Due in more than one year:  Accrued compensation 139,565 - 139,565 Capital lease payable 5,770,649 4,775 5,705,434  Deferred Inflows of Resources  Property taxes related to a future period 653,705 - 653,705 Deferred inflows related to pensions 1,672,220 - 1,672,220 Total deferred inflows resources 2,325,925 - 2,325,925   Net Position  Net investment in capital assets 4,696,391 - 4,696,391				
Prepaid expenses         94,678         -         94,678           Health insurance escrow fund         136,308         -         136,308           Capital assets:         -         -         136,308           Capital assets:         -         -         19,100           Depreciable capital assets, net         4,868,333         -         4,868,333           Net pension asset         1,034,433         -         1,034,433           Total assets         20,955,155         17,697         20,972,852           Deferred Outflows of Resources           Deferred Outflows related to pensions         908,592         -         908,592           Liabilities           Accounts payable and accrued expenses         298,908         -         298,908           Customer/escrow deposits         183,730         4,775         188,505           Unearned revenue         52,777         -         52,777           Long-term liabilities:         -         298,908         -         298,908           Oue within one year:         -         -         35,365         -         35,365           Due in more than one year:         -         -         -         1,567         -         1,567	Taxes, including interest, penalties and liens	1,146,353	-	1,146,353
Health insurance escrow fund	Accounts	72,366	-	72,366
Non-depreciable capital assets:   Non-depreciable capital assets:   Land	Prepaid expenses	94,678	-	94,678
Non-depreciable capital assets:   Land	Health insurance escrow fund	136,308	-	136,308
Land         19,100         -         19,100           Depreciable capital assets, net         4,868,333         -         4,868,333           Net pension asset         1,034,433         -         1,034,433           Total assets         20,955,155         17,697         20,972,852           Deferred Outflows of Resources           Deferred outflows related to pensions         908,592         -         908,592           Liabilities           Accounts payable and accrued expenses         298,908         -         298,908           Customer/escrow deposits         183,730         4,775         188,505           Unearned revenue         52,777         -         52,777           Long-term liabilities:         35,365         -         35,365           Due within one year:         -         -         35,365           Capital lease payable         35,365         -         35,365           Due in more than one year:         -         -         139,565           Capital lease payable         155,677         -         155,677           Net pension liabilities         5,700,659         4,775         5,705,434           Deferred Inflows of Resources	Capital assets:			
Depreciable capital assets, net         4,868,333         -         4,868,333           Net pension asset         1,034,433         -         1,034,433           Total assets         20,955,155         17,697         20,972,852           Deferred Outflows of Resources           Deferred outflows related to pensions         908,592         -         908,592           Liabilities         -         298,908           Accounts payable and accrued expenses         298,908         -         298,908           Customer/escrow deposits         183,730         4,775         188,505           Unearmed revenue         52,777         -         52,777           Long-term liabilities:         -         298,908           Due within one year:         -         2,777         -         52,777           Capital lease payable         35,365         -         35,365           Due in more than one year:         -         -         139,565         -         139,565           Capital lease payable         155,677         -         155,677         -         155,677           Net pension liabilities         4,834,637         -         4,834,637         -         4,834,637           Total liabilities	Non-depreciable capital assets:			
Net pension asset	Land	19,100	-	
Deferred Outflows of Resources         20,955,155         17,697         20,972,852           Deferred Outflows related to pensions         908,592         -         908,592           Liabilities         298,908         -         298,908           Customer/escrow deposits         183,730         4,775         188,505           Unearned revenue         52,777         -         52,777           Long-term liabilities:         200,000         -         35,365         -         35,365           Due within one year:         35,365         -         35,365         -         35,365           Due in more than one year:         -         -         139,565         -         139,565           Capital lease payable         155,677         -         155,677         -         155,677           Net pension liabilities         4,834,637         -         4,834,637         -         4,834,637           Total liabilities         5,700,659         4,775         5,705,434           Deferred Inflows of Resources           Property taxes related to a future period         653,705         -         653,705           Deferred inflows related to pensions         1,672,220         -         2,325,925           Tot	Depreciable capital assets, net	4,868,333	-	4,868,333
Deferred Outflows of Resources         908,592         -         908,592           Liabilities         -         908,592         -         908,592           Accounts payable and accrued expenses         298,908         -         298,908           Customer/escrow deposits         183,730         4,775         188,505           Unearned revenue         52,777         -         52,777           Long-term liabilities:         -         -         298,908           Due in more liabilities:         -         52,777         -         52,777           Capital lease payable         35,365         -         35,365           Due in more than one year:         -         -         139,565         -         139,565           Capital lease payable         155,677         -         155,677         -         155,677           Net pension liabilities         4,834,637         -         4,834,637         -         4,834,637           Total liabilities         5,700,659         4,775         5,705,434           Deferred Inflows of Resources           Property taxes related to a future period         653,705         -         653,705           Deferred inflows related to pensions         1,672,220         - </td <td>Net pension asset</td> <td>1,034,433</td> <td></td> <td>1,034,433</td>	Net pension asset	1,034,433		1,034,433
Deferred outflows related to pensions         908,592         -         908,592           Liabilities         Accounts payable and accrued expenses         298,908         -         298,908           Customer/escrow deposits         183,730         4,775         188,505           Unearned revenue         52,777         -         52,777           Long-term liabilities:         52,777         -         52,777           Due within one year:         2         2         2         35,365         -         35,365           Due in more than one year:         35,365         -         35,365         -         35,365         -         35,365         -         139,565         -         139,565         -         139,565         -         139,565         -         139,565         -         139,565         -         139,565         -         155,677         -         155,677         -         1,55,677         -         4,834,637         -         4,834,637         -         4,834,637         -         4,834,637         -         4,775         5,705,434         -         -         653,705         -         653,705         -         653,705         -         653,705         -         653,705         - <t< td=""><td>Total assets</td><td>20,955,155</td><td>17,697</td><td>20,972,852</td></t<>	Total assets	20,955,155	17,697	20,972,852
Deferred outflows related to pensions         908,592         -         908,592           Liabilities         Accounts payable and accrued expenses         298,908         -         298,908           Customer/escrow deposits         183,730         4,775         188,505           Unearned revenue         52,777         -         52,777           Long-term liabilities:         52,777         -         52,777           Due within one year:         2         2         2         35,365         -         35,365           Due in more than one year:         35,365         -         35,365         -         35,365         -         35,365         -         139,565         -         139,565         -         139,565         -         139,565         -         139,565         -         139,565         -         139,565         -         155,677         -         155,677         -         1,55,677         -         4,834,637         -         4,834,637         -         4,834,637         -         4,834,637         -         4,775         5,705,434         -         -         653,705         -         653,705         -         653,705         -         653,705         -         653,705         - <t< td=""><td>Deferred Outflows of Resources</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Liabilities         Accounts payable and accrued expenses       298,908       -       298,908         Customer/escrow deposits       183,730       4,775       188,505         Unearned revenue       52,777       -       52,777         Long-term liabilities:       Due within one year:         Capital lease payable       35,365       -       35,365         Due in more than one year:       Accrued compensation       139,565       -       139,565         Capital lease payable       155,677       -       155,677         Net pension liabilities       4,834,637       -       4,834,637         Total liabilities       5,700,659       4,775       5,705,434         Deferred Inflows of Resources         Property taxes related to a future period       653,705       -       653,705         Deferred inflows related to pensions       1,672,220       -       1,672,220         Total deferred inflows of resources       2,325,925       -       2,325,925         Net Position         Net investment in capital assets       4,696,391       -       4,696,391		908 592	_	908 592
Accounts payable and accrued expenses         298,908         -         298,908           Customer/escrow deposits         183,730         4,775         188,505           Unearned revenue         52,777         -         52,777           Long-term liabilities:         Use within one year:         Capital lease payable         35,365         -         35,365           Due in more than one year:         Accrued compensation         139,565         -         139,565           Capital lease payable         155,677         -         155,677           Net pension liabilities         4,834,637         -         4,834,637           Total liabilities         5,700,659         4,775         5,705,434           Deferred Inflows of Resources           Property taxes related to a future period         653,705         -         653,705           Deferred inflows related to pensions         1,672,220         -         1,672,220           Total deferred inflows of resources         2,325,925         -         2,325,925           Net Position           Net investment in capital assets         4,696,391         -         4,696,391	Boloned dutilows foldted to political		· -	000,002
Customer/escrow deposits         183,730         4,775         188,505           Unearned revenue         52,777         -         52,777           Long-term liabilities:         Due within one year:           Capital lease payable         35,365         -         35,365           Due in more than one year:         Accrued compensation         139,565         -         139,565           Capital lease payable         155,677         -         155,677           Net pension liabilities         4,834,637         -         4,834,637           Total liabilities         5,700,659         4,775         5,705,434           Deferred Inflows of Resources         Property taxes related to a future period         653,705         -         653,705           Deferred inflows related to pensions         1,672,220         -         1,672,220           Total deferred inflows of resources         2,325,925         -         2,325,925           Net Position           Net investment in capital assets         4,696,391         -         4,696,391	Liabilities			
Unearned revenue       52,777       -       52,777         Long-term liabilities:       Due within one year:         Capital lease payable       35,365       -       35,365         Due in more than one year:       Accrued compensation       139,565       -       139,565         Capital lease payable       155,677       -       155,677         Net pension liabilities       4,834,637       -       4,834,637         Total liabilities       5,700,659       4,775       5,705,434         Deferred Inflows of Resources         Property taxes related to a future period       653,705       -       653,705         Deferred inflows related to pensions       1,672,220       -       1,672,220         Total deferred inflows of resources       2,325,925       -       2,325,925         Net Position         Net investment in capital assets       4,696,391       -       4,696,391	Accounts payable and accrued expenses	298,908	-	298,908
Unearned revenue       52,777       -       52,777         Long-term liabilities:       Due within one year:         Capital lease payable       35,365       -       35,365         Due in more than one year:       Accrued compensation       139,565       -       139,565         Capital lease payable       155,677       -       155,677         Net pension liabilities       4,834,637       -       4,834,637         Total liabilities       5,700,659       4,775       5,705,434      Deferred Inflows of Resources  Property taxes related to a future period 653,705 Deferred inflows related to pensions 1,672,220 Total deferred inflows of resources 2,325,925       -       653,705 Deferred inflows of resources 2,325,925         Net Position Net investment in capital assets       4,696,391       -       4,696,391	Customer/escrow deposits	183,730	4,775	188,505
Due within one year:       35,365       - 35,365         Due in more than one year:       - 139,565         Accrued compensation       139,565       - 139,565         Capital lease payable       155,677       - 155,677         Net pension liabilities       4,834,637       - 4,834,637         Total liabilities       5,700,659       4,775       5,705,434     Deferred Inflows of Resources  Property taxes related to a future period Deferred inflows related to pensions 1,672,220 - 1,672,220 Total deferred inflows of resources  Net Position Net investment in capital assets  4,696,391 - 4,696,391 - 4,696,391	Unearned revenue	52,777	-	
Due within one year:       35,365       - 35,365         Due in more than one year:       - 139,565         Accrued compensation       139,565       - 139,565         Capital lease payable       155,677       - 155,677         Net pension liabilities       4,834,637       - 4,834,637         Total liabilities       5,700,659       4,775       5,705,434     Deferred Inflows of Resources  Property taxes related to a future period Deferred inflows related to pensions 1,672,220 - 1,672,220 Total deferred inflows of resources  Net Position Net investment in capital assets  4,696,391 - 4,696,391 - 4,696,391	Long-term liabilities:			
Capital lease payable       35,365       -       35,365         Due in more than one year:       Accrued compensation       139,565       -       139,565         Capital lease payable       155,677       -       155,677         Net pension liabilities       4,834,637       -       4,834,637         Total liabilities       5,700,659       4,775       5,705,434         Deferred Inflows of Resources         Property taxes related to a future period       653,705       -       653,705         Deferred inflows related to pensions       1,672,220       -       1,672,220         Total deferred inflows of resources       2,325,925       -       2,325,925         Net Position         Net investment in capital assets       4,696,391       -       4,696,391				
Due in more than one year:       139,565       -       139,565         Accrued compensation       139,565       -       139,565         Capital lease payable       155,677       -       155,677         Net pension liabilities       4,834,637       -       4,834,637         Total liabilities       5,700,659       4,775       5,705,434     Deferred Inflows of Resources  Property taxes related to a future period 653,705  - 653,705  Deferred inflows related to pensions 1,672,220 - 1,672,220 Total deferred inflows of resources 2,325,925  - 2,325,925  Net Position Net investment in capital assets 4,696,391 - 4,696,391		35,365	-	35,365
Accrued compensation       139,565       -       139,565         Capital lease payable       155,677       -       155,677         Net pension liabilities       4,834,637       -       4,834,637         Total liabilities       5,700,659       4,775       5,705,434     Deferred Inflows of Resources   Property taxes related to a future period 653,705 Deferred inflows related to pensions 1,672,220 Total deferred inflows of resources 2,325,925  Net Position Net Position Net investment in capital assets 4,696,391 - 4,696,391 - 4,696,391				
Capital lease payable       155,677       -       155,677         Net pension liabilities       4,834,637       -       4,834,637         Total liabilities       5,700,659       4,775       5,705,434         Deferred Inflows of Resources         Property taxes related to a future period       653,705       -       653,705         Deferred inflows related to pensions       1,672,220       -       1,672,220         Total deferred inflows of resources       2,325,925       -       2,325,925         Net Position         Net investment in capital assets       4,696,391       -       4,696,391		139,565	-	139,565
Net pension liabilities         4,834,637         -         4,834,637           Total liabilities         5,700,659         4,775         5,705,434           Deferred Inflows of Resources           Property taxes related to a future period         653,705         -         653,705           Deferred inflows related to pensions         1,672,220         -         1,672,220           Total deferred inflows of resources         2,325,925         -         2,325,925           Net Position           Net investment in capital assets         4,696,391         -         4,696,391		155,677	-	
Total liabilities         5,700,659         4,775         5,705,434           Deferred Inflows of Resources           Property taxes related to a future period         653,705         -         653,705           Deferred inflows related to pensions         1,672,220         -         1,672,220           Total deferred inflows of resources         2,325,925         -         2,325,925           Net Position         Net investment in capital assets         4,696,391         -         4,696,391		4,834,637	-	
Property taxes related to a future period         653,705         -         653,705           Deferred inflows related to pensions         1,672,220         -         1,672,220           Total deferred inflows of resources         2,325,925         -         2,325,925           Net Position         -         4,696,391         -         4,696,391	•		4,775	
Property taxes related to a future period         653,705         -         653,705           Deferred inflows related to pensions         1,672,220         -         1,672,220           Total deferred inflows of resources         2,325,925         -         2,325,925           Net Position         -         4,696,391         -         4,696,391	Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Deferred inflows related to pensions         1,672,220         -         1,672,220           Total deferred inflows of resources         2,325,925         -         2,325,925           Net Position           Net investment in capital assets         4,696,391         -         4,696,391		653 705	_	653 705
Net Position         Vet investment in capital assets         4,696,391         -         4,696,391			_	•
Net Position Net investment in capital assets  4,696,391  - 4,696,391	·		·	
Net investment in capital assets 4,696,391 - 4,696,391	Total asienea imiene of researces			2,020,020
·	Net Position			
Restricted for:	Net investment in capital assets	4,696,391	-	4,696,391
	Restricted for:			
Streets 700,648 - 700,648	Streets	700,648	-	700,648
Capital improvements 618,893 - 618,893	Capital improvements	618,893	-	618,893
Economic development 311,068 - 311,068	Economic development	311,068	-	311,068
Other purposes 76,013 - 76,013	Other purposes	76,013	-	76,013
Unrestricted 7,434,150 12,922 7,447,072	Unrestricted	7,434,150	12,922	7,447,072
Total net position <u>\$ 13,837,163</u> <u>\$ 12,922</u> <u>\$ 13,850,085</u>	Total net position	\$ 13,837,163	\$ 12,922	\$ 13,850,085

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

		-	Program Revenu	es		Net (Expense) Revenue and				
			Capital		perating		nanges in Net Ass	ets		
		Charges for	Grants and		ants and	Governmental	Business-Type			
	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Con	tributions	Activities	Activities	Total		
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 681,812	\$ 432,956	\$ -	\$	288,773	\$ 39,917	\$ -	\$ 39,917		
Economic development	188,423	-	-		· <b>-</b>	(188,423)	-	(188,423)		
Public safety	1,803,121	21,198	-		-	(1,781,923)	_	(1,781,923)		
Public works	1,123,030	75,895	37,546		-	(1,009,589)	_	(1,009,589)		
Interest and fiscal charges	8,429	· -	· -		-	(8,429)	-	(8,429)		
Total governmental activities	3,804,815	530,049	37,546		288,773	(2,948,447)		(2,948,447)		
Business-type activities:										
Water	-	_	_		_	_	_	_		
Sewer	_	_	_		_	_	_	_		
Total business-type activities					-					
Total	\$ 3,804,815	\$ 530,049	\$ 37,546	\$	-	(2,948,447)		(2,948,447)		
	General revenu	es:								
	Property taxe					680,129	_	680,129		
	Sales tax	_				1,370,798	_	1,370,798		
	State income	tax				474,828	_	474,828		
	Motor fuel and					616,076	_	616.076		
	Investment In					010,070		010,070		
	Interest	come.				62,988		62,988		
		(decrease) in t	fair value of inves	tmante		(94,844)	-	(94,844)		
	Miscellaneous	` ,	all value of lifves	unenta	•	11,624	_	11,624		
		al revenues and	transfers			3,121,599		3,121,599		
	. otal gollon					0,121,000		0,121,000		
	Change in	n net position				173,152	-	173,152		
	Net positi	on - beginning				13,664,011	12,922	13,676,933		
	Net positi	on - ending				\$ 13,837,163	\$ 12,922	\$ 13,850,085		

	General Fund	Improven	Capital Improvement Fund		vement		Motor uel Tax Fund	Non-Major Funds		Go	Total vernmental Funds
Assets		,									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 247,635	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	247,635		
Investments	11,840,886	582,	896		613,744	2	98,423	1	3,335,949		
Accounts receivable, net	34,803		-		37,563		-		72,366		
Prepaid expenses	94,678		-		-		-		94,678		
Due from other funds	7,882		-		-		-		7,882		
Health insurance escrow fund	136,308		-		-		-		136,308		
Taxes receivable	1,002,576				57,223		86,554		1,146,353		
Total assets	\$ 13,364,768	\$ 582,	896	\$	708,530	\$ 3	84,977	\$ 1	5,041,171		
Liabilities											
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 233,331	\$ 5,	151	\$	-	\$	20,839	\$	259,321		
Escrow deposits	183,730	, ,	-		-		-		183,730		
Accrued compensation	38,034		-		-		-		38,034		
Unearned revenue	52,777		-		-		-		52,777		
Due to other funds	-		-		7,882		-		7,882		
Total liabilities	507,872	5,	151		7,882		20,839		541,744		
Deferred Inflows of Resources											
Property taxes related to a future period	621,952		-		-		31,753		653,705		
Unavailable revenue	120,707		-		-		21,317		142,024		
Total deferred inflows of resouces	742,659				-		53,070		795,729		
Fund Balance											
Nonspendable:											
Prepaid expenses	94,678		-		-		-		94,678		
Restricted for:									·		
Capital projects	-	577,	745		-		-		577,745		
Street improvements	-		-		700,648		-		700,648		
Economic development	-		-		_	3	11,068		311,068		
Other purposes	76,013		-		-		-		76,013		
Assigned:	,								,		
Capital outlay	75,749		-		-		-		75,749		
Unassigned	11,867,797		-		-		-	1	1,867,797		
Total fund balance	12,114,237	577,	745		700,648	3	11,068		3,703,698		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	<del></del>				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<u> </u>				
resources and fund balances	\$ 13,364,768	\$ 582,	896	\$	708,530	\$ 3	84,977	\$ 1	5,041,171		

# Village of Peotone, Illinois Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position March 31, 2021

Exhibit D

Total fund balances for governmental funds (Exhibit C)	\$ 13,703,698
Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because:	
Certain revenues will not be collected until after the availability period of 60 days after year end; they are considered unavailable revenues and are deferred inflows of resources on the governmental funds, but are reported as revenue on the statement of activities.	142,024
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	4,887,433
The net pension asset is not an available resource and, therefore, is not reported in the funds.	1,034,433
The deferred outflows related to pensions are not an available resource and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	908,592
The net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not reported in the funds.	(4,834,637)
The deferred inflows related to pensions are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(1,672,220)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported as a fund liability in governmental funds.	(191,042)
Accrued expenses resulting from the long-term economic focus of the statement of net position are not reported in the funds, which focus on current financial resources.	(141,118)
Total net position of governmental activities (Exhibit A)	\$ 13,837,163

Village of Peotone, Illinois Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds For the year ended March 31, 2021

		General Fund		Capital provement Fund		Motor uel Tax Fund	N	lonmajor Funds	Go	Totals overnmental Funds
Revenues	_	:	_		_		_		_	
Taxes - property	\$	555,904	\$	-	\$	-	\$	77,525	\$	633,429
Intergovernmental:										
State replacement taxes		31,845		-		-		-		31,845
State income taxes		474,828		-		-		-		474,828
State sales tax		1,160,133		-		-		210,665		1,370,798
Video gaming tax		33,988		-		-		-		33,988
Motor fuel tax		-		-		283,427		-		283,427
Grants		288,773		-		37,546		-		326,319
Road and bridge tax		46,700		-		-		-		46,700
Utility tax		224,548		-		-		-		224,548
Licenses and permits		244,398		34,984		-		-		279,382
Police collections		1,413		-		-		-		1,413
Franchise agreements		71,032		-		-		-		71,032
Fines		78,203		-		-		-		78,203
Reimbursements		95,769		_		_		_		95,769
Investment Income:		,								,
Interest		62,430		232		257		69		62,988
Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments		(94,844)		-		_		_		(94,844)
Other		15,874		_		_		_		15,874
Total revenues	_	3,290,994		35,216		321,230		288,259	_	3,935,699
Expenditures		3,290,994		33,210		321,230		200,239		3,933,099
Current:										
		664,967								664.067
General government Public safety		1,786,503		-		-		-		664,967 1,786,503
,		, ,		-		474 005		-		
Public works/transportation		773,997		-		171,665		-		945,662
Communications		133,692		-		-		-		133,692
Economic development		167,584		-		-		20,839		188,423
Building		94,518		-		-		-		94,518
Capital outlay		46,410		29,386		-		-		75,796
Debt service:										
Principal		34,048		-		-		-		34,048
Interest		8,705		-		-		-		8,705
Total expenditures	_	3,710,424		29,386		171,665		20,839		3,932,314
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures										
before other financing sources (uses)	_	(419,430)		5,830		149,565		267,420		3,385
Other financing sources (uses):										
Transfers in		-		-		-		2,500		2,500
Transfers out		(2,500)		-		-		-		(2,500)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(2,500)		<u> </u>		-		2,500	_	-
Net change in fund balance		(421,930)		5,830		149,565		269,920		3,385
Fund balance, beginning of year		12,536,167		571,915		551,083		41,148		13,700,313
Fund balance, end of year	\$	12,114,237	\$	577,745	\$	700,648	\$	311,068	\$	13,703,698

# Village of Peotone, Illinois Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the year ended March 31, 2021

Exhibit F

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit E)	\$ 3,385
The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded (was less than) depreciation expense in the current period.	(289,237)
The payment of principal on long-term debt is reflected as an expense on	
the fund level statements, but is reported as a reduction of liabilities on the entity-wide statements.	34,048
The change in pension obligations is not reported on the fund level statements, and therefore is not reported in governmental funds.	380,852
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require	
the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	1,836
Certain revenues will not be collected until after the availability period of 60 days after year end; they are considered unavailable revenues and are deferred inflows of resources on the governmental funds. Amount	
represents decrease (increase) in unavailable revenues from the prior year.	42,268
Change in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit B)	\$ 173,152

# Village of Peotone, Illinois Statement of Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund Water and Sewer Fund March 31, 2021

**Exhibit G** 

Assets Current assets: Cash	_\$_	17,697
Total assets		17,697
Liabilities Payable from current assets: Utility deposits  Total liabilities		4,775 4,775
Net Position Unrestricted		12,922
Total net position	\$	12,922

# Village of Peotone, Illinois Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund Water and Sewer Fund For the year ended March 31, 2021

Exhibit H

Operating revenues	\$ -
Operating expenses	
Operating income (loss)	
Nonoperating revenue (expense): Other income Net nonoperating revenue (expense)	<u>-</u>
Change in net position	-
Net position, beginning of year	 12,922
Net position, end of year	\$ 12,922

# Village of Peotone, Illinois Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund Water and Sewer Fund For the year ended March 31, 2021

Exhibit I

Cash flows from operating activities: Payments to customers Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	<u>-</u>
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Transfers out Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities		-
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest payments received Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		-
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	- 17,697 17,697
Cash per Statement of Fund Net Position-Proprietary Fund Total cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ \$	17,697 17,697
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:  Operating income (loss)  Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities  Changes in assets and liabilities:  Increase (decrease) in customer deposits	\$ es:	- -
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	-

# Village of Peotone, Illinois Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund March 31, 2021

Exhibit J

	Police Pension Trust Fund
Assets	
Cash and certificates of deposit Mutual funds	\$ 1,836,602 272,753
Total assets	2,109,355
Net Position  Held in trust for pension benefits	\$ 2,109,355

# Village of Peotone, Illinois Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund For the year ended March 31, 2021

Exhibit K

		Police Pension rust Fund
Additions: Contributions:		
Employer	\$	585,071
Plan members	φ	56,598
Total contributions		641,669
rotal contributions		0-11,000
Investment earnings:		
Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments		78,563
Interest		30,017
Dividends		9,836
Total investment earnings		118,416
Total additions		700 005
Total additions		760,085
Deductions:		
Benefits		198,826
Accounting services		2,200
Legal services		1,000
Administrative expenses		6,000
Total deductions		208,026
Change in net position		552,059
Net position, beginning of year		1,557,296
Net position, end of year	\$	2,109,355

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

# Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### General

The Village of Peotone is a municipal corporation governed by an elected board. The Village operates under a Trustee-Village form of government and provides the following services: public safety, public works/transportation, economic development, and administration.

## **Financial Reporting Entity**

This report includes all of the funds of the Village. The reporting entity for the Village consists of the primary government and its component units. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable or other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that their exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading. The primary government is financially accountable if (1) it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and it is able to impose its will on that organization, (2) it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government, (3) the organization is fiscally dependent on and there is potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. Certain legally separate, tax exempt organizations should also be reported as a component unit if all of the following criteria are met: (1) the economic resources received or held by the separate organization are entirely or almost entirely for the direct benefit of the primary government, its component units, or its constituents; (2) the primary government or its component units is entitled to, or has the ability to access, a majority of the economic resources received or held by the separate organization; and (3) the economic resources received or held by an individual organization that the primary government, or its component units, is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, are significant to the primary government.

Component units are reported using one of three methods: discrete presentation, blended, or fiduciary. Generally component units should be discretely presented in a separate column in the financial statements. A component unit should be reported as part of the primary government using the blended method if it meets any one of the following criteria: (1) the primary government and the component unit have substantively the same governing body and a financial benefit or burden relationship exists, (2) the primary government and the component unit have substantively the same governing body and management of the primary government has operational responsibility for the component unit, (3) the component unit serves or benefits, exclusively or almost exclusively, the primary government rather than its citizens, or (4) the total debt of the component unit will be paid entirely or almost entirely from resources of the primary government.

# Fiduciary Component Unit - Police Pension

The Police Pension Fund is a single-employer pension plan that is funded by the Village and the participants of the plan. The Fund is governed by a five-member board which includes two members appointed by the Village. The Village and the Fund participants are obligated to fund all costs based upon actuarial valuations. A municipality is considered to have a financial burden if it is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the obligation to make contributions to the pension plan. The State of Illinois is authorized to establish benefit levels and the Village is authorized to approve the actuarial assumptions used in the determination of contribution levels. The Fund is reported as a fiduciary component unit pension trust fund and the data for the pension is included in the government's fiduciary fund financial statements as a pension trust fund. Separately issued financial statements of the Fund may be obtained from the Fund.

## **Basis of Presentation**

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> – The government-wide statement of net position and the statement of activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities displays the direct expenses of a given function or segment and the associated program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) operating or capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> – The Village segregates transactions related to certain functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Separate statements are presented for governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary activities.

Governmental funds are those funds through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The measurement focus of governmental funds is on the sources, uses and balance of current financial resources. The Village has presented the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – This is the primary operating fund of the Village. It accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Capital Improvement Fund – This fund is used to account for developer fees intended to fund major capital improvements and for certain other monies received that are related to capital asset purchases.

Motor Fuel Tax Fund – This fund receives and accounts for the Village's share of motor fuel taxes from the State of Illinois.

Proprietary funds are used to account for those Village activities that are similar to those often found in the private sector. The measurement focus is upon determination of net income, financial position, and changes in financial position. The Village has presented the following major proprietary fund:

Water and Sewer Fund – The fund is used to account for utility deposits of residents of the Village and other commercial users.

The Pension Trust Fund is used to account for the resources required to be held in trust for the retirement and disability benefits for participants in the police pension plan, a defined benefit plan.

In January 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 84 – Fiduciary Activities. This statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. This standard was implemented April 1, 2020.

## **Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting**

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus refers to the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurement made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements – The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Village receives value without directly giving equal value in exchange, include property tax revenues, grants, and other contributions. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the period for which the levy is intended to finance, which is the year after the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and other contributions is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility, matching and expenditure requirements imposed by the provider have been met. As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

The Proprietary Fund distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operations of the Proprietary Fund have ceased with the sale of the water and sewer plant in fiscal year 2019. The remaining assets and liabilities of the fund have been transferred to the general fund, except for cash and utility deposits payable.

<u>Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements (Police Pension Fund)</u> – The Fiduciary Fund's financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions to each plan are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of each plan.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements – Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Village considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal year for the year they are intended to finance.

Replacement taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period.

Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned since they are measurable and available. Issuance of long-term debt is reported as an other financing source.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

#### **Cash and Cash Equivalents**

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Village considers all highly liquid assets (including restricted assets) with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

#### <u>Investments</u>

Investments with a maturity of less than one year when purchased and non-negotiable certificates of deposit are stated at cost or amortized cost. Investments with a maturity greater than one year when purchased are stated at fair value.

Money market mutual funds and The Illinois Funds are carried at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by the Fund. The NAV per share is calculated using the amortized cost method which approximates fair value.

#### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements and in the fund financial statements for proprietary funds. Capital assets are defined by the Village as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than its capitalization threshold and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Categories of capital assets and associated capitalization thresholds are as follows: land – \$5,000; buildings and improvements - \$2,000; infrastructure assets (streets and bridges) - \$100,000; equipment - \$2,000. Assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized.

The Village depreciates assets on a straight-line basis using the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Asset</u>	Estimated Useful Life
Equipment, vehicles, furniture and fixtures	5 to 15 years
Buildings, structures and improvements	30 to 50 years
Improvements other than buildings	30 to 50 years
Infrastructure assets	10 to 40 years

#### **Accounts Receivable**

Receivables as of year-end for the government's individual major funds and fiduciary funds, including applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, of which there were none, are as follows:

	(	General	Motor Fuel			Non	-Major	
		Fund	Tax Fund			Funds		
Taxes Receivable:								
State use	\$	36,624	\$	-		\$	-	
Income		51,023		-			-	
Sales		252,163		-		5	4,801	
Telecom		8,715		-			-	
Replacement		8,274		-			-	
Utility		18,222		-			-	
Property		621,952		-		3	1,753	
Video gaming		5,603		-			-	
Motor fuel tax		-	5	7,223				
	\$1,002,576		\$ 5	7,223		\$8	6,554	
Accounts receivable:								
Franchise tax	\$	17,744	\$	-		\$	-	
Circuit court fines		1,766		-			-	
Reimbursements		15,293		-			-	
Reimbursements from State		-	3	7,563				
	\$	34,803	\$ 3	7,563		\$	-	

# **Prepaid Items**

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

## **Long-Term Obligations**

Long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the proprietary fund statements and the government-wide statements (either governmental activities or business-type activities, as applicable). Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable premiums and discounts. Issuance costs are reported as expenses in the period incurred.

In the governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums, discounts and issuance costs are recognized during the current period. The face amount of debt issued, and any premiums received are reported as other financing sources while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

# **Interfund Transactions**

During the normal course of operations, the Village has transactions between funds. Transfers represent movement of resources from a fund receiving revenue to a fund through which those resources will be expended and are recorded as other financing sources (uses) in governmental funds and as transfers in proprietary funds.

Interfund transactions that would be treated as revenues and expenses if they involved organizations external to the Village are treated similarly when involving other funds of the Village.

Activity between funds that is referred to as "due to/from other funds" represents transactions when one fund incurs expenses for the benefit of another fund and expects repayment from it. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government entity-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

#### **Compensated Absences**

Accumulated unpaid vacation, sick-time, compensatory time, and other employee benefit amounts are accrued in the year in which the related liability is incurred on the entity-wide financial statements.

# **Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources**

Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. Deferred outflows of resources relate to pensions.

Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as revenue until then. Certain revenues are measurable but not available. Deferred inflows of resources are reported in the governmental fund financial statements as unavailable revenue and represent the amount of assets that have been recognized, but the related revenue has not been recognized since the funds were not available.

Deferred inflows of resources relate to pensions, property taxes levied for a future period, and receivables that are not available.

#### **Net Position**

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, equity is displayed in three components as follows:

Net investment in capital assets – This consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, less the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted – This consists of the portion of net position that is legally restricted by outside parties or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, generally it is the Village's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources when they are needed.

*Unrestricted* – This consists of the portion of net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

#### **Fund Equity**

Fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

*Nonspendable* — amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted — amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed — amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Village Board. The Village Board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the Village. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through ordinances or resolutions approved by the Village Board.

Assigned — amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. Assignments may be established by the Village Board.

Unassigned — all other spendable amounts. Unassigned fund balance in the General Fund is the net resources in excess of what can be properly classified in one of the above categories. Negative unassigned fund balance in other governmental funds represents excess expenditures incurred over the amounts restricted or committed to those purposes.

Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

When both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available for use, it is the Village's policy to use restricted fund balance first, then unrestricted fund balance. Furthermore, committed fund balances are reduced first, followed by assigned and unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications can be used.

#### **Property Tax Revenues**

Property taxes are levied on the basis of a calendar year with a January 1 lien date. The certificate of tax levy is filed annually on or before the last Tuesday in December based on the assessed valuation as of April 1 of the same year. Taxes are generally due in the following year in two equal installments, one in June and the other in September, with distribution to the Village coming shortly thereafter and continuing through December. Property taxes levied in 2019 and collected in 2020 are recorded as revenues for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2021.

#### **Use of Estimates**

The Village prepares its financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles which require the use of estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

# **Note 2 – Deposits and Investments**

At year-end, the Village's cash and cash equivalents were comprised of the following:

		Carrying Value					
	Р	rimary					
	Gov	ernment	Fid	uciary Funds			
Bank Deposits	\$	177,100	\$	1,836,602			
The Illinois Funds		88,232					
	\$	265,332	\$	1,836,602			

The Village is allowed to invest in securities as authorized by Sections 2 and 6 of the Public Funds Investment Act (30 ILCS235/2 and 6). The institutions in which investments are made must be approved by the Village Board.

At year end, the Village's investments were comprised of the following:

## Primary Government:

Investments:	Rating	Maturities	Interest Rate	Carrying Value	Fair Value	Percent of Portfolio	Levels of Inputs
Illinois Trust PFM Asset Management: Illinois Portfolio, IIIT Class	S&P AAAm	N/A	Variable	\$ 3,681,866	\$ 3,681,866	27.61%	N/A
NT Inst. Gov. Select Fund	Moody's Aaa-mf	N/A	Variable	19,996	19,996	0.15%	N/A
US Treasury Securities	Moody's Aaa	48-116 months	.25%875%	2,149,751	2,149,751	16.12%	Level 1
Illinois Metropolitan Investment Fund	Moody's Aaa-BF	N/A	Variable	9,933	9,933	0.07%	N/A
Other investments:		4					
Certificates of Deposit	Unrated	5-54 months	0.03%-1.85%	5,763,230		43.22%	N/A
Other deposits reported as investments:	N/A	N/A	Various	1,711,173 \$ 13,335,949		12.83% 100.00%	N/A

# Police Pension Fund – Fiduciary Funds:

	Market					Unre	alized Gain	Levels of		
	Cost		Cost		Cost Value		Percentage	(Loss)		Inputs
Mutual funds - American Funds:										
Capital Income Builder Fund Class A-unrated	\$	92,186	\$	114,025	42%	\$	21,839	Level 1		
Growth Fund of America - Class A-unrated		73,009		158,728	58%		85,719	Level 1		
Total investment in mutual funds	\$ 1	65,195	\$	272,753	100%	\$	107,558			

#### Note 2 – Deposits and Investments (Continued)

The following describes the hierarchy of inputs used to measure fair value and the primary value methodologies used for financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis. Level 1 includes investments whose values are based on quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets in active markets that a government can access at the measurement date. Level 2 includes investments with inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for an asset, either directly or indirectly. Investments classified as Level 3 have unobservable inputs for an asset and may require a degree of professional judgment.

The Illinois Trust is a diversified, open-end, actively managed investment trust designed to address the short-term investment needs of Illinois local governments. The Illinois Trust investments are carried at the net asset value (NAV) per share. The NAV per share is calculated using the amortized cost method which approximates fair value. Among the various types of investments, the Illinois Trust includes IIIT Portfolio, and Illinois Trust CD Program. The Illinois Trust does not place any limitations or restrictions on withdrawals on the IIIT Portfolio. The Illinois Trust CD Program has restrictions on withdrawals prior to maturity. The IIIT Portfolio has a credit rating of AAAm from Standard & Poor's (S&P).

Local government investment pools in this rating category meet the highest standards for credit quality, conservative investment policies, and safety of principal. All investments in the IIIT Trust are authorized by the Public Funds Investment Act (30 ILCS 235/2).

The Northern Trust Institutional Government Select Funds invest primarily in securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government, its agencies, or instrumentalities. The Northern Trust Institutional Government Select Funds are carried at the net asset value (NAV) per share. The NAV per share is calculated using the amortized cost method which approximates fair value. The Northern Trust Institutional Government Select Funds do not place any limitations or restrictions on withdrawals. The Northern Trust Institutional Government Select Funds have a credit rating of Aaa-mf from Moody's. All investments in The Northern Trust Institutional Government Select Funds are authorized by the Public Funds Investment Act (30 ILCS 235/2).

The Illinois Funds are an investment pool managed by the State of Illinois, Office of the Treasurer, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. The Illinois Funds use amortized cost, which is the share price, to value portfolio assets and follows the criteria for GASB Statement No. 79 for use of amortized cost. The Illinois Funds do not place any limitations or restrictions on withdrawals. The Illinois Funds have a credit rating of AAAm from Standard & Poor's (S&P). Local government investment pools in this rating category meet the highest standards for credit quality, conservative investment policies, and safety of principal. The Illinois Funds invests in those investments authorized by the Deposit of State Moneys Act (15 ILCS 520/22.5) and the Public Funds Investment Act (30 ILCS 235/2). Audited financial statements for The Illinois Funds are available at <a href="https://www.illinoistreasurer.gov">www.illinoistreasurer.gov</a>.

*Interest Rate Risk* – The Village's formal investment policy does not limit investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

# Note 2 – Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Credit Risk – State law requires public funds to be invested within the guidelines set forth in Public Funds Investment Act (30 ILCS/235). The Village's investment policy does not further limit its investment choices.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The Village's investment policy limits time deposits to no more than 10% of any single financial institution's total deposits. It also limits any investment category to no more than 40% of the Village's portfolio with the exception of cash equivalents and treasury securities.

Custodial Credit Risk – Custodial credit risk refers to the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The Village's investment policy limits the exposure to deposit custodial credit risk by requiring all deposits in excess of FDIC insurable limits to be secured with collateral pledged by the applicable financial institution to the extent of 110% of the value of the deposit in excess of the FDIC insured amount. As of March 31, 2021, the Village's deposits were insured or collateralized with collateral held by the Village's agent in the Village's name.

# Note 3 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended March 31, 2021 was as follows:

		Balances rch 31, 2020	A	dditions	R	eductions		Balances rch 31, 2021
Governmental activities:								
Capital assets not being depreciated:	Φ	10 100	Φ		Φ		ф	10 100
Land	<u> </u>	19,100	\$		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	19,100
		19,100	\$		\$			19,100
Capital Assets being depreciated:								
Transportation network	\$	7,507,193	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,507,193
Buildings and improvements		504,882		30,550		-		535,432
Equipment		561,505		5,910		50,513		516,902
Vehicles		979,992		30,000		93,094		916,898
Total capital assets being depreciated		9,553,572		66,460		143,607		9,476,425
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Transportation network		(3,414,810)		(215,849)		_		(3,630,659)
Buildings and improvements		(62,730)		(24,276)		_		(87,006)
Equipment		(459,349)		(20,520)		(50,513)		(429,356)
Vehicles		(459,113)		(95,052)		(93,094)		(461,071)
Total accumulated depreciation		(4,396,002)		(355,697)		(143,607)		(4,608,092)
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	\$	5,157,570	\$	(289,237)	\$		\$	4,868,333

# Note 3 – Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation for the year ended March 31, 2021, was charged as follows to the following functions:

Administration	\$ 4,088
Public Safety	41,209
Public Works	310,400
Total	\$ 355,697

## Note 4 – Long-Term Liabilities

A summary of the changes in long-term liabilities is as follows:

Governmental activities:	Balances 3/31/2020		200				Additions		Additions		Reductions		s Reductions		_	alances /31/2021	 e Within ne Year
Direct placement debt:																	
Capital lease	\$	225,090	\$	-	\$	(34,048)	\$	191,042	\$ 35,365								
Other long-term liabilities:																	
Net pension liability (Note 7)	;	5,703,511		-		(868,874)		4,834,637	-								
Compensated absences		141,125		-		(1,560)		139,565	 -								
Total governmental activities	\$ (	6,069,726	\$	-	\$	(904,482)	\$ :	5,165,244	\$ 35,365								

Long-term debt is comprised of the following:

#### Capital Lease:

#### Governmental Activities

\$266,997 capital lease dated November 25, 2019 due in annual installments on December 25 in amounts ranging from \$34,049 to \$41,162 through 2026 plus interest at 3.80% for a street sweeper. Amount recorded as equipment at March 31, 2021, was \$266,997 with accumulated depreciation of \$31,150. Interest expense of \$8,429 has been recorded as an expense on the Statement of Activities.

\$191,042

The amortization of assets held under capital leases is included with depreciation expense. The following is a schedule by years of future minimum payments:

2022	\$ 42,753
2023	42,753
2024	42,753
2025	42,753
2026	42,753
Total minimum lease payments	213,765
Less amount representing interest	(22,723)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$ 191,042

Compensated absences are recorded in governmental activities and liquidated by the General Fund.

#### Note 5 - Tax Abatements

The Village is authorized by the State of Illinois under 65 ILCS 5/8-11-20 to enter into economic incentive agreements in order to encourage the development or redevelopment of land within their corporate limits. The Village has entered into sales tax rebate agreements with Bult Motors, Inc., Dralle Chevrolet, and Terry's Lincoln Ford Mercury of Peotone.

The agreement with James A. and Pearl F. Bult (the developer) was entered into March 12, 2007 and runs for a period of 20 years. Under the agreement, the Village rebates a percentage of the sales tax generated by Bult Motors, Inc. d/b/a Pearl Chrysler, Dodge and Jeep. The percentage rebated ranges from 90% in the first year of the agreement to 50% in years five to twenty. The total rebate amount is not to exceed the lesser of \$2,000,000 or the actual cost of the project. Sales tax rebate expense for 2021 totaled \$79,015 for an accumulated rebate of \$485,727.

The agreement with Dralle Chevrolet was entered into on September 10, 2012 and runs for a period of 10 years. Under the agreement, the Village rebates 50% of the sales tax generated over an incentive base of \$100,000 for the first year of the agreement. The incentive base increases by the consumer price index each year. The total rebate is not to exceed the lesser of \$1,200,000 or the actual cost of the project. Sales tax rebate expense for 2021 totaled \$50,314 for an accumulated rebate of \$339,916.

The agreement with Terry's Lincoln Ford Mercury of Peotone (Terry's) was entered into on February 24, 2014 and runs for a period of 10 years. Under the agreement, the Village rebates a percentage of the sales tax generated by Terry's over an incentive base of \$167,200 for the first year of the agreement. The percentage rebated ranges from 90% in the first year of the agreement to 50% in years five to ten. The total rebate is not to exceed the lesser of \$750,000 or the actual cost of the project. Sales tax rebate expense for 2021 totaled \$3,688 for an accumulated rebate of \$157,485.

The Village also abates property taxes in various Tax Increment Financing (TIF) districts that were created under the Illinois Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act (TIF Act) (65 ILCS 5/11-74.4).

The property taxes for the additional assessed valuation on new commercial property or improved existing commercial properties in these districts is paid to a TIF district. These funds are available for eligible costs as defined in the TIF Act, including development or redevelopment projects within the TIF district.

The total TIF abatements from the Village during the year ended March 31, 2021 were approximately \$6,370.

#### Note 6 - Restricted Fund Balance and Net Position

On March 31, 2021, restricted fund balance and net position consists of the following:

	Fund Balance		Ne	et Position
Restricted for:				
Economic development - Business				
Development District and TIF taxes	\$	311,068	\$	311,068
Capital improvements - developer fees		577,745		577,745
Street improvements - Motor Fuel taxes		700,648		700,648
Law enforcement - drug seizure funds		76,013		76,013
	\$	1,665,474	\$	1,665,474

#### Note 7 - Pension Plans

#### **IMRF Plan Description**

The Village's defined benefit pension plan for Regular employees provides retirement and disability benefits, post retirement increases, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The Village's plan is managed by the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), the administrator of an agent multi-employer public pension fund. A summary of IMRF's pension benefits is provided in the "Benefits Provided" section of this document. Details of all benefits are available from IMRF. Benefit provisions are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements, detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position, and required supplementary information. That report is available for download at www.imrf.org.

#### **Benefits Provided**

IMRF has three benefit plans. The vast majority of IMRF members participate in the Regular Plan (RP). The Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel (SLEP) plan is for sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, and selected police chiefs. Counties could adopt the Elected County Official (ECO) plan for officials elected prior to August 8, 2011 (the ECO plan was closed to new participants after that date).

All three IMRF benefit plans have two tiers. Employees hired before January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. RP Tier 1 employees are vested for pension benefits when they have at least eight years of qualifying service credit. RP Tier 1 employees who retire at age 55 (at reduced benefits) or after age 60 (at full benefits) with eight years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any consecutive 48 months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 48. Under RP Tier 1, the pension is increased by 3% of the original amount on January 1 every year after retirement.

# Note 7 – Pension Plans (Continued)

Employees hired on or after January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For RP Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating employees who retire at age 62 (at reduced benefits) or after age 67 (at full benefits) with ten years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any 96 consecutive months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 96. Under RP Tier 2, the pension is increased on January 1 every year after retirement, upon reaching age 67, by the lesser of:

- 3% of the original pension amount, or
- ½ of the increase in the Consumer Price Index of the original pension amount

#### **Employees Covered by Benefit Terms**

As of December 31, 2020, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	27
Inactive, non-retired members	8
Active plan members	9
Total	44

#### **Contributions**

As set by statute, the Village's Regular plan members are required to contribute 4.5% of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The Village's annual contribution rates for calendar years 2021 and 2020 were 7.50% and 9.06%, respectively. For the fiscal year ended March 31, 2021, the Village contributed \$45,386 to the plan. The Village also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits, and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by the IMRF's Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by statute.

#### **Net Pension Liability**

The Village's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2020. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

## **Actuarial Assumptions-Total Pension Liability**

The following are the methods and assumptions used to determine total pension liability at December 31, 2020:

The Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal
The Asset Valuation Method Market Value of Assets

Price Inflation 2.25%

Salary Increases 2.85% to 13.75%

Investment Rate of Return 7.25%

# Note 7 – Pension Plans (Continued)

Retirement Age	Experience-based table of rates, specific to the type of
	eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2020 valuation

pursuant to an experience study of the period 2017 to 2019.

Mortality For non-disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-weighted, below-median income, General, Retiree, Male (adjusted

106%) and Female (adjusted 105%) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020.

For disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-weighted, below-median income, General, Disabled Retiree, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality

improvements projected using scale MP-2020.

For active members, the Pub-2010, Amount weighted, below-median income, General, Employee, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return to the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table as of December 31, 2020:

	Portfolio Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Percentage	Real Rate of Return
Equities	37%	5.00%
International equity	18%	6.00%
Fixed income	28%	1.30%
Real estate	9%	6.20%
Alternative investments	7%	2.85%-6.95%
Cash equivalents	1%	0.70%
Total	100%	

#### Other Information:

Notes: There were no benefit changes during the year.

A detailed description of the actuarial assumptions and methods can be found in the December 31, 2020 Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund annual actuarial valuation report.

# Note 7 - Pension Plans (Continued)

# **Single Discount Rate**

A Single Discount Rate of 7.25% was used to measure the total pension liability. The projection of cash flow used to determine this Single Discount Rate assumed that the plan members' contributions will be made at the current contribution rate, and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. The Single Discount Rate reflects:

- 1. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (during the period in which the fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and
- 2. The tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the plan's projected fiduciary net position is not sufficient to pay benefits).

For the purpose of the most recent valuation, the expected rate of return on plan investments is 7.25%, the municipal bond rate is 2.00%, and the resulting single discount rate is 7.25%.

#### **Changes in the Net Pension Liability**

	Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary	Net Pension
	Liability	Net Position	Liability (Asset)
	(A)	(B)	(A)-(B)
Balances at December 31, 2019	\$ 5,372,371	\$ 5,816,278	\$ (443,907)
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	55,030	-	55,030
Interest on the total pension liability	378,790	-	378,790
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual			
experience of the total pension liability	(74,554)	-	(74,554)
Changes of assumptions	(70,116)	-	(70,116)
Contributions - employer	-	50,107	(50,107)
Contributions - employees	-	29,187	(29,187)
Net investment income	-	804,162	(804,162)
Benefit payments, including refunds of			
employee contributions	(350,395)	(350,395)	-
Other (net transfer)	-	-	-
Admin expense		(3,780)	3,780
Net changes	(61,245)	529,281	(590,526)
Balances at December 31, 2020	\$ 5,311,126	\$ 6,345,559	\$ (1,034,433)

## Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the plan's net pension liability (asset), calculated using a Single Discount Rate of 7.25%, as well as what the plan's net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a Single Discount Rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher.

	1% Lower	Current Discount	1% Higher
	(6.25%)	(7.25%)	(8.25%)
Net Pension Liability	\$ (416,628)	\$ (1,034,433)	\$ (1,523,516)

## <u>Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> Related to Pensions

For the year ended March 31, 2021, the Village recognized pension expense of \$209,514. At March 31, 2021, the Village reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred Amounts Related to Pensions	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Net Deferred Outflow (Inflow)
Deferred Amounts to be Recognized in			
Pension Expense in Future Periods			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 13,574	\$ 46,367	\$ (32,793)
Changes of assumptions	-	43,607	(43,607)
Net difference between projected and actual			
earnings on pension plan investments		458,218	(458,218)
Total deferred amounts to be recognized in pension			
expense in future periods	13,574	548,192	(534,618)
Pension contributions made subsequent to the			
measurement date	8,837	-	8,837
Total deferred amounts related to pensions	\$ 22,411	\$ 548,192	\$ (525,781)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods as follows:

Year Ending	Net Deferred Outflows
December 31	(Inflows) of Resources
2021	\$ (173,295)
2022	(56,364)
2023	(222,186)
2024	(82,773)
2025	-
Thereafter	
Total	\$ (534,618)

### Police Pension Fund

The Police Pension Plan provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Covered employees attaining the age of 50 or more with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit equal to one-half of the salary attached to the rank held on the last day of service, or for one year prior to the last day, whichever is greater. The pension benefit shall be increased by 2.5% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years of service though 30 years of service, to a maximum of 75% of such salary. Employees with at least eight years but less than 20 years of credited service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced benefit. The monthly benefit of a police officer who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1997 shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement, and be paid upon reaching the age of at least 55 years, by 3.00% of the original pension and 3.00% compounded annually thereafter.

For employees hired after January 1, 2011, the Normal Retirement age is attainment of age 55 and completion of 10 years of service; Early Retirement age is attainment of age 50, completion of 10 years of service and the Early Retirement Factor is 6% per year; the final average salary is based on the average of the highest consecutive 48 of the last 60 months of salary. Cost-of-living adjustments are simple increases (not compounded) of the lesser of 3% or CPI beginning the later of the anniversary date and age 60.

### **Employees Covered by Benefit Terms**

Sworn police personnel are covered by the Police Pension Plan. Although this is a single-employer pension plan, the defined benefits and employee and employer contribution levels are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (40 ILCS 5/3-1) and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature. This fiduciary component unit of the Village is reported in the fund financial statements as a pension trust fund. At March 31, 2021, the Police Pension Plan membership consisted of:

Active	9
Retirees and beneficiaries	4
Inactive, non-retired members	_ 3
Total	16

## **Contributions**

Employees are required by ILCS to contribute 9.91% of their base salary to the Police Pension Plan. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. The Village is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the plan as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. For the year ended March 31, 2021, the Village's actual contribution was 103.67% of covered payroll.

## **Net Pension Liability**

The Village's net pension liability was measured as of March 31, 2021. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The following are the methods and assumptions used to determine total pension liability at March 31, 2021:

Actuarial Cost Method Amortization Method Asset Valuation Method

Salary Increases

Investment Rate of Return Projected Retirement Age

Mortality rate

Entry Age Normal Cost

Level dollar method over a period ending in 2040

Five-year smoothed market, no corridor

Graded rates from 3.50% to 11.00% plus 2.50% inflation allowance

Assumed to be 4.5%

50-69

Active Lives - PubS-2010 Employee mortality, projected 5 years past the valuation date with Scale MP-2020. 10% of active deaths

are assumed to be in the line of duty.

Inactive Lives - PubS-2010 Healthy Retiree mortality, projected 5

years past the valuation date with Scale MP-2020.

Beneficiaries - PubS-2010 Survivor mortality, projected 5 years

past the valuation date with Scale MP-2020.

Disabled Lives - PubS-2010 Disabled mortality, projected 5 years

past the valuation date with Scale MP-2020.

The mortality assumptions sufficiently accommodate anticipated

future mortality improvements.

## **Single Discount Rate**

A Single Discount Rate of 4.5% was used to measure the total pension liability. The projection of cash flow used to determine this Single Discount Rate assumed that the plan members' contributions will be made at the current contribution rate, and that Village contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate.

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

For the purpose of the most recent valuation the expected rate of return on plan assets is 4.5%, the municipal bond rate is 1.74%, and the resulting single discount rate is 4.5%.

## **Changes in the Net Pension Liability**

		Plan	Net Pension
	<b>Total Pension</b>	Fiduciary Net	Liability
	Liability	Position	(Asset)
	(A)	(B)	(A)-(B)
Balances at March 31, 2020	\$ 7,260,809	\$ 1,557,298	\$ 5,703,511
Changes for the year			
Service cost	239,543	-	239,543
Interest on the total penson liability	333,042	-	333,042
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual			-
experience of the total penson liability	(690,576)	-	(690,576)
Changes of assumptions	-	-	-
Contributions - employer	-	585,070	(585,070)
Contributions - employees	-	56,598	(56,598)
Net investment income	-	118,415	(118,415)
Benefit payments, including refunds of			-
employee contributions	(198,826)	(198,826)	-
Other (net transfer)		(9,200)	9,200
Net changes	(316,817)	552,057	(868,874)
Balances at March 31, 2021	\$ 6,943,992	\$ 2,109,355	\$ 4,834,637

<u>Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u>
The following presents the plan's net pension liability, calculated using a Single Discount Rate of 4.5%, as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a Single Discount Rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher.

	1% Lower	Current Discount	1% Higher
	(3.50)%	(4.50)%	(5.50)%
Net Pension Liability	\$ 6,002,973	\$ 4,834,637	\$ 3,895,493

## <u>Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> <u>Related to Pensions</u>

For the year ended March 31, 2021, the Village recognized pension expense of \$459,118. At March 31, 2021, the Village reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred Amounts Related to Pensions	Οι	Deferred Deferred Outflows of Inflows of Resources Resources		Inflows of	
Deferred Amounts to be Recognized in					,
Pension Expense in Future Periods					
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	157,721	\$ (1,072,680)	\$	(914,959)
Changes of assumptions		712,320	(51,348)		660,972
Net difference between projected and actual					
earnings on pension plan investments		16,140			16,140
Total deferred amounts to be recognized in pension		886,181	(1,124,028)		(237,847)
expense in future periods					
Contributions made subsequent to measurement date					-
Total deferred amounts related to pensions	\$	886,181	\$ (1,124,028)	\$	(237,847)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods as follows:

Year Ending	Net Deferred Outflows
March 31	(Inflows) of Resources
2022	\$ (42,887)
2023	2,293
2024	(16,469)
2025	(87,035)
2026	(79,319)
Thereafter	(14,430)
Total	\$ (237,847)

Pension-related amounts for all pension plans are shown below in the aggregate.

	Regular Plan	Pension Plan	Total
Employer fiduciary net position	\$ 6,345,559	\$ 2,109,355	\$ 8,454,914
Deferred outflows of resources	22,411	886,181	908,592
Deferred inflows of resources	548,192	1,124,028	1,672,220
Employer total pension liability	5,311,126	6,943,992	12,255,118
Employer net pension liability (asset)	(1,034,433)	4,834,637	3,800,204
Pension expense (benefit)	209,514	459,118	668,632

#### Note 8 – Other Post-Employment Benefits

#### **IMRF**

#### **Plan Description**

Under Public Act 06-1444, the Village, as an IMRF employer, is required to offer the same health insurance to disabled members, retirees, and surviving spouses eligible for IMRF benefits at the same premium rate as active employees. The plan does not have a trust fund and therefore does not issue a separate publicly available report.

### **Funding Policy**

The Village requires retirees to contribute 100% of the premium for their desired coverage. The premiums established for the group contain an implied rate subsidy through the blended premium covering all current employees and retirees. No actuarial valuation was performed to determine the amount of such subsidy.

#### **Contributions**

Because the retiree premium is paid entirely by the retiree contributions, there is no net cash outflow by the Village in regard to the plan benefits for retirees. The amounts related to this otherpost employment plan that should be reported and disclosed under GASB Statement No. 75 have not been determined.

#### Note 9 - Interfund Balances and Transfers

Interfund balances are as follows:

	Red	ceivable	P	ayable
Governmental funds:				
General Fund:				
Due from Motor Fuel Tax Fund	\$	7,882		
Motor Fuel Tax Fund:				
Due to General Fund			\$	7,882

The interfund balances arose from receipts deposited in incorrect funds and from expenses paid by one fund on behalf of another.

The purpose of the interfund transfer of \$2,500 from the General Fund to the TIF #2 Fund was to deposit starting cash when the new fund was opened.

## Note 10 – Risk Management

The Village is exposed to various risks related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors, and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Village purchases commercial insurance for these risks.

In August 2018, the Village joined the Southwest Agency for Health Management (SWAHM) which participates in the Intergovernmental Personnel Benefits Cooperative (IPBC), a cooperative formed for the purpose of administering personnel health benefit programs for its member units' employees. The SWAHM Board of Directors is represented by a delegate from each of the members.

SWAHM members' costs of the IPBC Administrative Fund and Benefit Pool, as calculated by IPBC, are shared by each member in the same proportion as its participating employees bear to the total participating employees of SWAHM. Responsibility for the Benefit Pool Costs are calculated as follows:

Member responsible Claims under \$30,000 Claims under \$75,000 Shared among members of IPBC Claims between \$30,000 and \$125,000 Reinsured Claims over \$125,000 Claims over \$75,000

As of March 31, 2021, the Village's account balance in the cooperative is \$136,308 which is available to pay future claims. This amount has been recorded as the health insurance escrow in the general fund.

The Village's payments are recorded in the financial statements as expenditures/expenses in the appropriate funds and reflect its share of premium payments and any deficits of SWAHM. Dividends declared by IPBC allocable to SWAHM are available to reduce future premium.

### Note 11 – Intergovernment Public Safety Agreement

The Village entered into an agreement in February 2017 with various governmental entities within Will County for maintenance and operations of a centralized public safety communications system for a minimum duration of twenty years. The Village paid \$133,692 to Laraway Communications during the year.

## Note 12 - Contingencies

On January 30, 2020, the World Health Organization (WHO) announced a global health emergency because of a new strain of coronavirus (the "COVID-19 outbreak") and the risks to the international community as the virus spreads globally. In March 2020, the WHO classified the COVID-19 outbreak as a pandemic, based on the rapid increase in global exposure, and the pandemic continues as of the date of this report. Although the Village cannot estimate the length or effect of the impact of the COVID-19 outbreak at this time, it may have an adverse effect on the Village's results of future operations and financial position in fiscal year 2022.

Schedule 1

Village of Peotone, Illinois Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget to Actual General Fund For the year ended March 31, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Over (Under) Budget
Revenues:				
General property taxes	\$ 441,377	\$ 441,377	\$ 555,904	\$ 114,527
State replacement taxes	30,000	30,000	31,845	1,845
State income taxes	440,000	440,000	474,828	34,828
State sales tax	1,125,000	1,125,000	1,160,133	35,133
Video gaming tax	-	-	33,988	33,988
Road and bridge tax	45,000	45,000	46,700	1,700
Auto rental tax	50	50	-	(50)
Charitable games tax	58,000	58,000	-	(58,000)
Utility tax	250,000	250,000	224,548	(25,452)
Licenses and permits	133,750	133,750	244,398	110,648
Police collections	6,000	6,000	1,413	(4,587)
Sanitation collections	70.000	70.000	- 74 000	4 000
Franchise agreements	70,000	70,000	71,032	1,032
Fines Investment Income:	40,000	40,000	78,203	38,203
Interest	200 500	200 500	62.420	(120.070)
Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments	200,500	200,500	62,430 (94,844)	(138,070)
Grant income	126,700	- 126,700	288,773	(94,844) 162,073
Reimbursements	120,700	120,700	95,769	95,769
Miscellaneous income	12,000	12,000	15,874	3,874
Total revenues	2,978,377	2,978,377	3,290,994	312,617
Total revenues	2,970,077	2,310,311	3,230,334	312,017
Expenditures:				
Administration department (Schedule 2A)	674,225	674,225	666,668	(7,557)
Police and ESDA departments (Schedule 2B)	1,758,352	1,758,352	1,786,503	28,151
Street and alley department (Schedule 2C)	986,008	986,008	861,459	(124,549)
Communications department (Schedule 2D)	134,000	134,000	133,692	(308)
Economic development department (Schedule 2D)	198,625	198,625	167,584	(31,041)
Building department (Schedule 2E)	74,378	74,378	94,518	20,140
Total expenditures	3,825,588	3,825,588	3,710,424	(115,164)
·				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures				
before other financing sources (uses)	(847,211)	(847,211)	(419,430)	427,781
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	2,500	2,500	-	(2,500)
Transfers out			(2,500)	(2,500)
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,500	2,500	(2,500)	(5,000)
Net change in fund balance	\$ (844,711)	\$ (844,711)	(421,930)	\$ 422,781
Fund balance, beginning of the year			12,536,167	
Fund balance, end of year			\$ 12,114,237	
Fund balance, end of year			\$ 12,114,237	

## Village of Peotone, Illinois Notes to Budgetary Schedule As of and for the year ended March 31, 2021

The Village follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

The Village Board receives a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing April 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. A public hearing is conducted to obtain taxpayer comments. Prior to July 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of the annual appropriation ordinance. Responsibility for control of and amendments to the budget rests with the Village Board. The Village Budget was adopted on June 15, 2020.

The Village is not required to adopt an operating budget as part of the appropriation ordinance for the Motor Fuel Tax Fund.

The budget has been adopted on the modified cash basis of accounting.

Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios  Most Recent Calendar Years - IMRF												
Calendar Year Ended December 31		<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>
Total Pension Liability												
Service cost	\$	55,030	\$	43,481	\$	49,566	\$	55,401	\$	59,336	\$	57,086
Interest on the total pension liability		378,790		369,791		397,882		391,649		378,750		363,687
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-		-		-		-
Differences between expected and actual		(74.554)		FO 020		(450.040)		454 700		00.405		77 4 4 4
experience of the total pension liability Changes of assumptions		(74,554) (70,116)		50,838		(452,316) 137,159		154,736 (181,655)		69,125 (6,126)		77,144 6,048
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee		(70,110)		-		137,139		(101,000)		(0,120)		0,040
contributions		(350.395)		(341.127)		(326,431)		(341.775)		(325.968)		(269.056)
Net change in Total Pension Liability		(61,245)		122,983		(194,140)		78,356		175,117		234,909
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		5,372,371		5,249,388		5,443,528		5,365,172		5,190,055		4,955,146
Total Pension Liability - Ending (A)	\$ :	5,311,126	\$	5,372,371	\$	5,249,388	\$	5,443,528	\$	5,365,172	\$	5,190,055
Plan Fiduciary Net Position												
Contributions - employer	\$	50.107	\$	37,202	\$	47,728	\$	51,260	\$	55,350	\$	47,269
Contributions - employees	•	29,187	•	25,135	٠	22,303	•	25,764	•	26,564	•	26,549
Net investment income		804,162		1,035,613		(596,368)		923,940		329,255		24,394
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee												
contributions		(350,395)		(341,127)		(326,431)		(341,775)		(325,968)		(269,056)
Other (net transfer)		-		-		(9,215)		(83,495)		150,714		46,005
Admin expense		(3,780)		(5,250)		263,518		-				(404.000)
Net change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		529,281 5,816,278		751,573 5,064,705		(598,465) 5,663,170		575,694 5,087,476		235,915 4,851,561		(124,839) 4,976,400
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (B)	_	6,345,559	\$	5,816,278	\$	5,064,705	\$	5,663,170	\$	5,087,476	\$	4,851,561
rian riddelary Net rosition - Ending (b)	Ψ	0,040,000	Ψ	3,010,270	Ψ	3,004,703	Ψ	3,003,170	Ψ	3,007,470	Ψ	4,001,001
Net Pension Liability (Asset) - Ending (A) - (B)	\$ (	1,034,433)	\$	(443,907)	\$	184,683	\$	(219,642)	\$	277,696	\$	338,494
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		119.48%		108.26%		96.48%		104.03%		94.82%		93.48%
Covered Payroll	\$	553,062	\$	541,510	\$	495,611	\$	510,052	\$	541,588	\$	532,300
Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		-187.04%		-81.98%		37.26%		-43.06%		51.27%		63.59%

#### Notes to Schedule:

This schedule is presented to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

## Schedule of Employer Contributions Most Recent Fiscal Years – IMRF

Fiscal Year	Ac	tuarially			Cont	ribution		<b>Actual Contribution</b>
Ended	Def	termined		Actual	Defi	ciency	Covered	as a Percentage of
March 31	Cor	ntribution	Co	ntribution	(Ex	cess)	Payroll	Covered Payroll
2016	\$	48,228	\$	48,228	\$	-	\$ 523,629	9.21%
2017	\$	56,357	\$	56,357	\$	-	\$ 553,792	10.18%
2018	\$	51,411	\$	51,411	\$	-	\$ 517,774	9.93%
2019	\$	43,425	\$	43,425	\$	-	\$ 492,832	8.81%
2020	\$	40,717	\$	40,717	\$	-	\$ 544,972	7.47%
2021	\$	45,386	\$	45,386	\$	-	\$ 521,238	8.71%

#### Notes to Schedule:

Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used in the Calculation of the 2019 Contribution Rate\*

#### Valuation Date:

Notes Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as

of December 31 each year, which are 12 months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which contributions are

reported.

#### Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine 2020 Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method: Aggregate entry age normal

Amortization Method: Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining Amortization Period: Non-Taxing bodies: 10-year rolling period.

Taxing bodies (Regular, SLEP and ECO groups): 23-year

closed period

Early Retirement Incentive Plan liabilities: a period up to 10 years selected by the Employer upon adoption of ERI SLEP supplemental liabilities attributable to Public Act 94-712 were financed over 18 years for most employers

Asset Valuation Method: 5-year smoothed market; 20% corridor

Wage Growth: 3.25% Price Inflation: 2.50%

Salary Increases: 3.35% to 14.25%, including inflation

Investment Rate of Return: 7.25%

Retirement Age: Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type

of eligibility condition; last updated for the 2017 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2014-2016.

### Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine 2020 Contribution Rates: (Continued)

Mortality:

For non-disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience.

For disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustments that were applied for non-disabled lives.

For active members, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience.

#### Other Information:

Notes:

There were no benefit changes during the year.

<sup>\*</sup>Based on Valuation Assumptions used in the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation.

Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios  Most Recent Fiscal Years - Police Pension										
Fiscal Year Ended March 31	<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Total Pension Liability										
Service cost	\$ 239,543	\$	200,252	\$	236,285	\$	169,918	\$	194,947	\$ 169,872
Interest on the total pension liability Changes of benefit terms	333,042		304,341 11,940		283,740		237,441		280,291	240,898
Differences between expected and actual	-		11,940		-		-		-	-
experience of the total pension liability	(690,576)		(378,911)		(183,234)		410,077		(412,151)	8,423
Changes of assumptions	-		668,009		124,621		379,020		(222,498)	533,675
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee			,		,		,		(===, :==,	,
contributions	(198,826)		(215,391)		(177,547)		(172,436)		(167,446)	(162,576)
Net change in Total Pension Liability	(316,817)		590,240		283,865		1,024,020		(326,857)	790,292
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	7,260,809		6,670,569		6,386,704		5,362,684		5,689,541	4,899,249
Total Pension Liability - Ending (A)	\$6,943,992	\$	7,260,809	\$	6,670,569	\$	6,386,704	\$	5,362,684	\$ 5,689,541
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - employer Contributions - employees Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Other (net transfer) Net change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (B)	\$ 585,070 56,598 118,415 (198,826) (9,200) 552,057 1,557,298 \$ 2,109,355		210,855 55,370 18,912 (215,391) (7,794) 61,952 1,495,346 1,557,298	\$	207,025 49,630 31,359 (177,547) (9,025) 101,442 1,393,904 1,495,346	\$	163,970 47,724 48,312 (172,436) (8,113) 79,457 1,314,447 1,393,904	\$	186,247 46,794 26,093 (167,446) (6,335) 85,353 1,229,094 1,314,447	\$ 171,034 43,775 10,089 (162,576) (6,013) 56,309 1,172,785 1,229,094
Net Pension Liability - Ending (A) - (B)	\$ 4,834,637	\$	5,703,511	\$	5,175,223	\$	4,992,800	\$	4,048,237	\$ 4,460,447
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	30.38%		21.45%		22.42%		21.83%		24.51%	21.60%
Covered Payroll	\$ 564,383	\$	540,888	\$	531,055	\$	464,014	\$	445,706	\$ 462,998
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	856.62%		1054.47%		974.52%		1076.00%		908.28%	963.38%

### Notes to Schedule:

This schedule is presented to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

# Schedule of Employer Contributions Most Recent Fiscal Years – Police Pension

					Actual
Fiscal	Actuarially		Contribution		Contribution as a
Year Ended	Determined	Actual	Deficiency	Covered	Percentage of
March 31	Contribution	Contribution	(Excess)	Payroll	Covered Payroll
2021	\$ 639,784	\$ 585,071	\$ 54,713	\$ 564,383	103.67%
2020	\$ 573,823	\$ 210,855	\$ 362,968	\$ 540,888	38.98%
2019	\$ 343,130	\$ 207,025	\$ 136,105	\$ 531,055	38.98%
2018	\$ 311,138	\$ 163,970	\$ 147,168	\$ 464,014	35.34%
2017	\$ 256,039	\$ 186,247	\$ 69,792	\$ 445,706	41.79%
2016	\$ 159,091	\$ 171,034	\$ (11,943)	\$ 462,998	36.94%

## Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine 2021 Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method: Entry age normal

Amortization Method: Level dollar over a period ending in 2040
Asset Valuation Method: 5-year smoothed market, no corridor

Price Inflation: 2.0%

Salary Increases: 3.50%-11.00% plus 2.50% inflation allowance

Investment Rate of Return: 4.5% Retirement Age: 50-69

Mortality: Active Lives – PubS-2010 Employee mortality, projected 5 years

past the valuation date with Scale MP-2019. 10% of active deaths

are assumed to be in the line of duty.

Inactive Lives – PubS-2010 Healthy Retiree mortality, projected 5

years past the valuation date with Scale MP-2019.

Beneficiaries – PubS-2010 Survivor mortality, projected 5 years

past the valuation date with Scale MP-2019.

Disabled Lives – PubS-2010 Disabled mortality, projected 5 years

past the valuation date with Scale MP-2019.

## Other Information:

The actuarially determined contribution was calculated using an April 1, 2020 valuation date.

This schedule is presented to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

## Village of Peotone, Illinois Schedule of Expenditures-Budget and Actual General Fund - Administration Department For the year ended March 31, 2021

	Original Final Budget Budget			Actual		
Administration Department						
Salaries	\$	220,886	\$	220,886	\$	220,965
Social Security and Medicare	Ψ	16,898	Ψ	16,898	Ψ	16,737
Illinois Municipal Retirement fund		17,077		17,077		16,674
Unemployment tax		500		500		538
Employee's health insurance		83,175		83,175		88,555
Maintenance - buildings		2,000		2,000		2,757
Maintenance - equipment		6,500		6,500		3,262
General insurance		15,200		15,200		14,134
Telephone/fax		9,500		9,500		9,276
Utilities		1,200		1,200		-
Rental		750		750		750
Travel		6,000		6,000		10
Postage		2,500		2,500		1,875
Printing/publishing		9,300		9,300		9,172
Legal fees		40,000		40,000		51,258
Auditing services		17,000		17,000		18,000
Engineering		20,000		20,000		29,795
Other professional services		24,000		24,000		26,478
Training		3,600		3,600		1,010
Dues/subscriptions		11,030		11,030		10,682
Office supplies		4,000		4,000		4,301
Other supplies		2,500		2,500		2,913
Sundry expense		1,000		1,000		276
Sales tax rebate		146,109		146,109		133,017
Capital outlay		2,000		2,000		1,701
Community relations		1,500		1,500		-
Christmas in the Village		10,000		10,000		2,532
Total Administration Department	\$	674,225	\$	674,225	\$	666,668

## Village of Peotone, Illinois Schedule of Expenditures-Budget and Actual General Fund - Police and ESDA Departments For the year ended March 31, 2021

	Original Final Budget Budget			Actual		
Police Department						
Salaries	\$	796,348	\$	796,348	\$	776,209
Social Security and Medicare		60,920	•	60,920	·	58,410
Illinois Municipal Retirement fund		4,075		4,075		4,024
Pension expense		466,460		466,460		585,071
Unemployment tax		1,000		1,000		2,122
Employee's health insurance		190,149		190,149		178,888
Maintenance - buildings		3,500		3,500		1,616
Maintenance - equipment		36,000		36,000		23,334
General insurance		51,550		51,550		49,867
Telephone/fax		12,500		12,500		8,753
Utilities		600		600		484
Rental		1,250		1,250		1,250
Travel		500		500		119
Postage		1,200		1,200		1,248
Printing/publishing		1,500		1,500		396
Legal fees		22,500		22,500		18,110
Other professional services		21,100		21,100		19,149
Animal control		500		500		466
Training		8,330		8,330		9,059
Dues/subscriptions		8,020		8,020		6,553
Office supplies		4,000		4,000		3,493
Other supplies		8,300		8,300		8,578
Uniforms and maintenance		6,000		6,000		5,257
Food/prisoners		50		50		-
Gas and oil		28,000		28,000		21,144
Sundry expense		500		500		548
Capital outlay		20,000		20,000		
Total Police Department	1	,754,852		1,754,852		1,784,148
ESDA Department						
Maintenance - buildings		500		500		-
Maintenance - equipment		2,500		2,500		2,355
Sundry expense		500		500		
Total ESDA Department		3,500		3,500		2,355
Total Public Safety	\$ 1	,758,352	\$ ^	1,758,352	\$	1,786,503

## Village of Peotone, Illinois Schedule of Expenditures-Budget and Actual General Fund - Street and Alley Department For the year ended March 31, 2021

	Original Final Budget Budget		 Actual	
Street and Alley Department				
Salaries	\$ 240,452	\$	240,452	\$ 292,468
Social Security and Medicare	18,395		18,395	22,346
Illinois Municipal Retirement fund	21,785		21,785	24,688
Unemployment tax	750		750	842
Employee's health insurance	82,649		82,649	72,033
Maintenance - street lights	6,000		6,000	9,109
Maintenance - building	2,000		2,000	1,387
Maintenance - equipment	25,000		25,000	28,502
Maintenance - streets	35,000		35,000	3,336
Maintenance - sidewalks	107,746		107,746	101,598
Snow/leaf removal	36,000		36,000	34,600
Ground upkeep	1,000		1,000	424
General insurance	42,678		42,678	43,217
Telephone/fax	10,500		10,500	10,436
Utilities	4,000		4,000	1,280
Street lighting	70,000		70,000	64,742
Rental	4,800		4,800	1,000
Travel	1,000		1,000	-
Printing/publishing	1,000		1,000	445
Legal fees	2,000		2,000	-
Engineering fees	34,700		34,700	12,103
Other professional services	45,000		45,000	22,468
Training	1,000		1,000	-
Dues/Subscriptions	1,700		1,700	303
Other supplies	10,000		10,000	6,369
Uniforms	5,500		5,500	4,788
Gas and oil	17,500		17,500	11,976
Sundry expense	500		500	37
Drainage assessment fees	4,600		4,600	3,500
Debt retirement-principal	-		-	34,048
Debt retirement-interest	-		-	8,705
Buildings and permanent improvements	80,000		80,000	43,686
Equipment	 72,753		72,753	 1,023
Total Street and Alley Department	\$ 986,008	\$	986,008	\$ 861,459

## Village of Peotone, Illinois Schedule of Expenditures-Budget and Actual General Fund - Communications and Economic Development Departments For the year ended March 31, 2021

	Original Budget		Final Budget		 Actual
Communications Department					
Maintenance - buildings	\$	500	\$	500	\$ -
Maintenance - equipment		1,000		1,000	-
Other professional services		132,500		132,500	133,692
Total Communications Department	\$	134,000	\$	134,000	\$ 133,692
Economic Development Department					
Telephone/fax	\$	400	\$	400	\$ 63
Travel		2,000		2,000	-
Postage		300		300	-
Printing/publishing		12,000		12,000	5,705
Legal fees		40,000		40,000	22,313
Engineering		100,000		100,000	125,843
Other professional services		15,000		15,000	-
Training		2,000		2,000	-
Dues/subscriptions		5,925		5,925	2,000
Other supplies		6,000		6,000	1,000
TIF services		15,000		15,000	 10,660
Total Economic Development Department	\$	198,625	\$	198,625	\$ 167,584

## Village of Peotone, Illinois Schedule of Expenditures-Budget and Actual General Fund - Building Department For the year ended March 31, 2021

		Original Budget	Final Budget			Actual
Building Department						
Salaries	\$	10,800	\$	10,800	\$	4,259
Social Security and Medicare	·	826	·	826	·	295
Illinois Municipal Retirement fund		272		272		-
Unemployment tax		100		100		32
Maintenance - equipment		1,500		1,500		-
Maintenance - building		1,000		1,000		1,100
General insurance		1,080		1,080		985
Telephone/fax		500		500		98
Travel		200		200		-
Postage		500		500		7
Printing/publishing		3,000		3,000		301
Legal fees		2,000		2,000		-
Other professional services		50,000		50,000		87,125
Training		1,000		1,000		-
Dues/subscriptions		700		700		-
Office supplies		200		200		59
Other supplies		200		200		169
Gas and oil		500		500		88
Total Building Department	\$	74,378	\$	74,378	\$	94,518

Schedule 3

Village of Peotone, Illinois
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
Capital Improvement Fund
For the year ended March 31, 2021

Revenues:	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Over (Under) Budget
Building permit development and recapture fees Interest	\$ 20,960 5,000	\$ 34,984 232	\$ 14,024 (4,768)
Total revenues received	25,960	35,216	9,256
Expenditures: Improvements and equipment- administrative Improvements and equipment - police	80,000 162,000	14,036 15,350	(65,964) (146,650)
Total expenditures paid	242,000	29,386	(212,614)
Net change in fund balance	\$ (216,040)	5,830	\$ 221,870
Fund balance, beginning of year		571,915	
Fund balance, end of year		\$ 577,745	

## Village of Peotone, Illinois Legal Debt Margin For the year ended March 31, 2021

## Schedule 4

Assessed Valuation - 2020	\$ 95,319,435
Statutory debt limit - 8.625% of assessed valuation	\$ 8,221,301
Total debt: Capital lease obligations	 191,042
Legal debt margin	\$ 8,030,259

## Village of Peotone, Illinois Disclosure of Tort Expenditures under PA 91-0628 As of and for the year ended March 31, 2021

Liability and workmen's compensation insurance

\$<u>108,203</u>

## Village of Peotone, Illinois Schedule of Findings and Responses As of and for the year ended March 31, 2021

Finding No. 2021-001 Repeat Finding: Yes

#### Criteria:

Internal controls should be designed to assure that transactions are properly initiated, authorized, recorded, processed, and reported reliably in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Condition:

There is a lack of segregation of duties in the bookkeeping function, and there were inadequate checks and balances to mitigate the lack of segregation of duties throughout the fiscal year.

#### Context:

The treasurer has the ability to prepare deposits, prepare checks for signature, record transactions, and prepare monthly bank reconciliations and financial reports and has check signature authority.

#### Effect:

There is a reasonable possibility that a misstatement of the Village of Peotone, Illinois's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected and corrected in a timely manner.

#### Cause:

Lack of personnel available to perform monitoring functions.

#### Recommendation:

Consider having management regularly review the bank reconciliations and financial reports and document such review.

#### Management's Response:

We will have a member of management who is independent of the treasurer function, such as the Village Administrator, review the bank reconciliations and financial reports prepared by the Treasurer on a periodic basis (monthly or quarterly) for accuracy and proper reporting. We will document this review with management's signature or initials on the reviewed documents. We will implement these changes immediately.